

ESG U.S. equity fund Investor fact sheet

John Hancock ESG All Cap Core Fund

Effective April 16, 2021, the John Hancock ESG All Cap Core Fund will merge into the JH ESG Large Cap Core Fund.

A: JHKAX C: JHKCX I: JHKIX R6: JHKRX

Summary
Objective
 Long-term capital appreciation

Use for
 Opportunistic equity holding

Morningstar category
 Large Growth

Strategy
Quality companies
 Investing in well-managed companies with positive ESG practices as well as attractive business fundamentals

Diversified equity exposure
 Integrating traditional fundamental and ESG research to invest in companies across industry sectors and the capitalization spectrum

Proven ESG management
 From an employee-owned leader in ESG investing with a record of success spanning more than 30 years

Average annual total returns¹

	Qtd	Ytd	1 yr	3 yr	5 yr	10 yr	Life of fund	Life of fund date
Class I without sales charge	5.14	5.14	60.09	15.92	—	—	15.08	6/6/16
Class A without sales charge	5.09	5.09	59.70	15.66	—	—	14.79	6/6/16
Class A with sales charge	-0.17	-0.17	51.75	13.70	—	—	13.57	6/6/16
S&P Composite 1500 Index	6.91	6.91	58.73	16.47	—	—	16.21	—
Large growth category	2.24	2.24	63.21	20.20	—	—	—	—

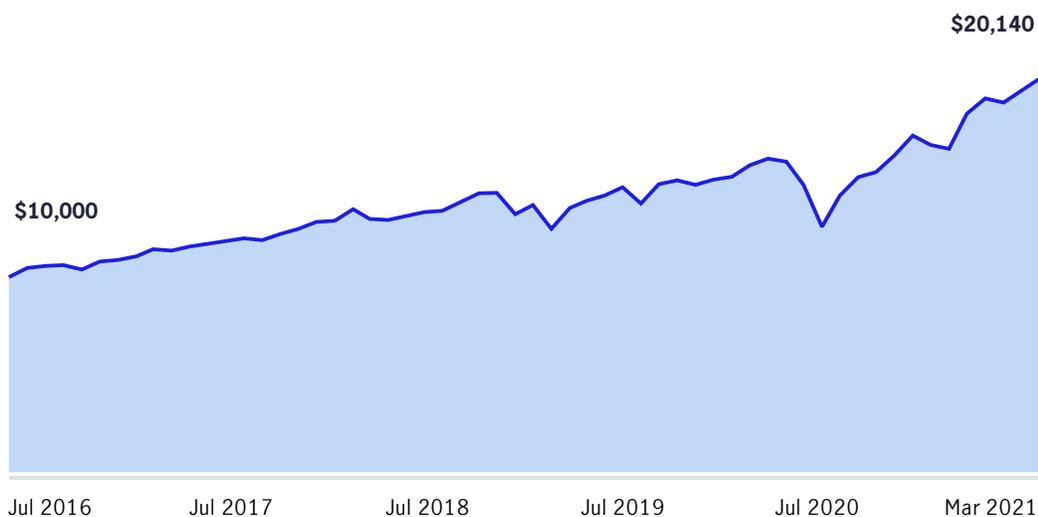
Expense ratios²

	Gross	Net (what you pay)	Contractual through
Class I	1.55%	0.93%	2/28/2022
Class A	1.80%	1.18%	2/28/2022

The past performance shown here reflects reinvested distributions and the beneficial effect of any expense reductions, and does not guarantee future results. The sales charge for Class A shares, reflects the maximum sales charge of 5.0%. For Class I shares, there is no sales charge. Returns for periods shorter than one year are cumulative, and results for other share classes will vary. Shares will fluctuate in value and, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance cited. For the most recent month-end performance, visit jhinvestments.com. The fund may have recently experienced negative short-term performance due to market volatility associated with the COVID-19 pandemic.

Growth of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment³

Class I without sales charge – 7/1/16 – 3/31/21


Managed by


An employee-owned investment management firm with more than 30 years of experience integrating environmental, social, and governance (ESG) factors and shareholder advocacy into its investment process

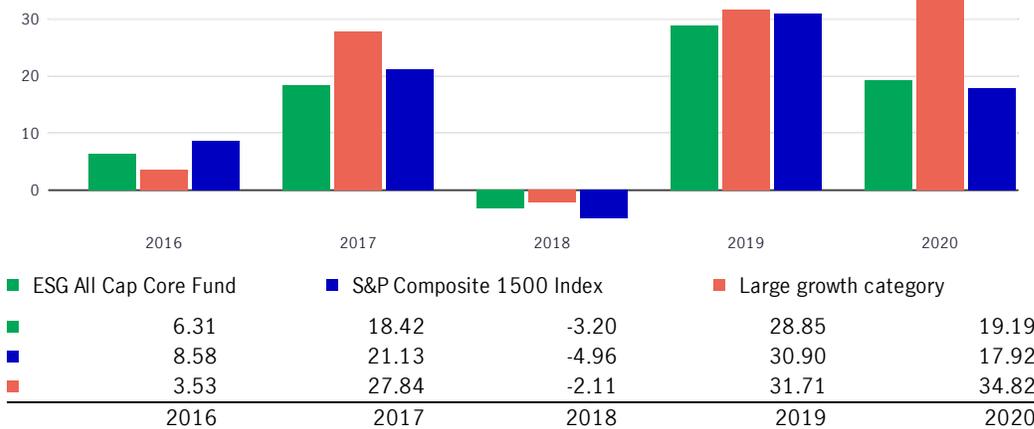

Elizabeth R. Levy, CFA
 On the fund since 2016.
 Investing since 2004

Cheryl I. Smith, Ph.D., CFA
 On the fund since 2016.
 Investing since 1987

1 The S&P Composite 1500 Index tracks the performance of 1,500 publicly traded large-, mid-, and small-cap companies in the United States. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. **2** "Net (what you pay)" represents the effect of a contractual fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement and is subject to change. **3** Performance data shown excludes fees and expenses. The performance data would be lower if such fees and expenses were included. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Calendar year returns^{4,3}

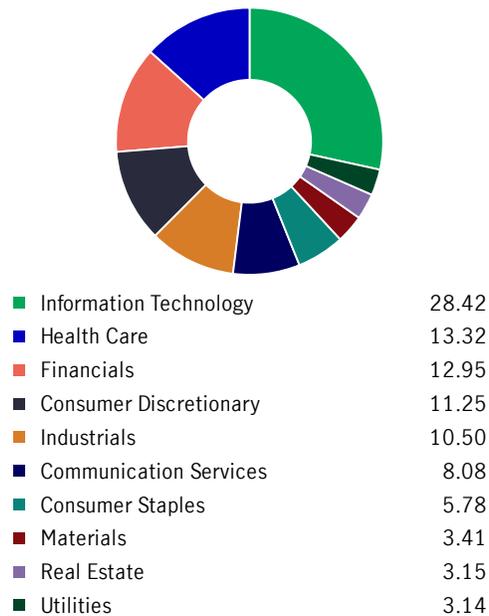
Class I without sales charge



10 largest holdings¹²

	%
1. Alphabet, Inc., Class A	5.12
2. Microsoft Corp.	4.57
3. Apple, Inc.	3.41
4. Mastercard, Inc.	2.57
5. PayPal Holdings, Inc.	2.38
6. Bank of America Corp.	2.09
7. SVB Financial Group	1.99
8. The Travelers Cos, Inc.	1.97
9. Home Depot, Inc.	1.80
10. Adobe, Inc.	1.77

Sector composition¹²



Key facts

Total net assets	\$35.80 m
Portfolio turnover ⁵ (%)	23
Number of holdings	73
Benchmark	S&P Composite 1500 TR
Average market cap ⁶	
Fund	\$315.88 b
Benchmark	\$424.21 b
Beta ⁷	0.99
R-squared ⁸ (%)	97.95
Sharpe ratio ⁹	0.86
Standard deviation ¹⁰ (%)	
Fund	18.50
Benchmark	18.55
Upside capture ratio ¹¹ (%)	97.37
Downside capture ratio ¹¹ (%)	97.51

Based on Class I shares for the three-year period.

What you should know before investing

Large company stocks could fall out of favor. The stock prices of midsize and small companies can change more frequently and dramatically than those of large companies. Foreign investing, especially in emerging markets, has additional risks, such as currency and market volatility and political and social instability. A portfolio concentrated in one sector or that holds a limited number of securities may fluctuate more than a diversified portfolio. Hedging and other strategic transactions may increase volatility and result in losses if not successful. Illiquid securities may be difficult to sell at a price approximating their value. The fund's ESG policy could cause it to perform differently than similar funds that do not have such a policy. Please see the fund's prospectus for additional risks.

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Request a prospectus or summary prospectus from your financial professional, by visiting jhinvestments.com, or by calling us at 800-225-5291. The prospectus includes investment objectives, risks, fees, expenses, and other information that you should consider carefully before investing.

3 Performance data shown excludes fees and expenses. The performance data would be lower if such fees and expenses were included. Past performance does not guarantee future results. **4** Returns for the fund's first year are since fund inception. **5** The portfolio turnover is as of the fund's fiscal year end and is subject to change. The fund's annual report includes further details regarding the portfolio turnover ratio. **6** FactSet. Average market cap is based on a weighted average. **7** Beta measures the sensitivity of the fund to its benchmark. The beta of the market (as represented by the benchmark) is 1.00. Accordingly, a fund with a 1.10 beta is expected to have 10% more volatility than the market. **8** R-squared is a measurement that indicates how closely a fund's performance correlates with the performance of its benchmark index. R-squared can range from 0.00 to 1.00, with 1.00 indicating perfect correlation to the index. **9** Sharpe ratio is a measure of excess return per unit of risk, as defined by standard deviation. A higher Sharpe ratio suggests better risk-adjusted performance. **10** Standard deviation is a statistical measure of the historic volatility of a portfolio. It measures the fluctuation of a fund's periodic returns from the mean or average. The larger the deviation, the larger the standard deviation and the higher the risk. **11** Upside capture ratio measures a manager's performance in up markets relative to the market itself. Downside capture ratio measures a manager's performance in down markets relative to the market itself. **12** Listed holdings reflect the largest portions of the fund's total and may change at any time. They are not recommendations to buy or sell any security. Data is expressed as a percentage of net assets and excludes cash and cash equivalents. Fund characteristics will vary over time.