# John Hancock Worldwide Investors, plc (the Company)

(the Company is an open-ended investment company with variable capital constituted as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between its sub funds under the laws of Ireland authorised and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland pursuant to the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations, 2011 as may be amended, supplemented or consolidated form time to time) (the **UCITS Regulations**)

# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS IN AUSTRIA

Information contained herein is selective, containing specific information in relation to the Company. This document (the Austrian Country Supplement) forms part of and should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus for the Company dated 4 April 2018 as amended by way of addendum dated 7 December 2018 (collectively the Prospectus) and the supplements for the following sub funds:-

- 1. John Hancock Global Disciplined Value (Ex-U.S.) Fund dated 4 April 2018
- 2. John Hancock Global Quality Growth (Ex-U.S.) Fund dated 4 April 2018
- 3. John Hancock Short Duration Credit Opportunities Fund dated 7 December 2018
- 4. John Hancock Absolute Return Currency Fund dated 5 October 2018
- 5. John Hancock Strategic Income Opportunities Fund dated 7 December 2018
- 6. John Hancock U.S. Large Cap Equity Fund dated 7 December 2018 (the Sub Funds).

This document is for distribution in Austria only.

Words and expressions defined in the Prospectus shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the same meaning when used herein.

Dated 10 December 2018

# **REGISTRATION AND SUPERVISION**

The Company has notified the Austrian Financial Market Authority of its intention to sell shares in its Sub Funds in the Republic of Austria in accordance with Section 140 para 1 of the Austrian Investment Fund Act 2011(the **InvFG**) whereby shares in the following Sub Funds are admitted to public distribution in Austria:

- 1. John Hancock Global Disciplined Value (Ex-U.S.) Fund
- 2. John Hancock Global Quality Growth (Ex-U.S.) Fund
- 3. John Hancock Short Duration Credit Opportunities Fund
- 4. John Hancock Absolute Return Currency Fund
- 5. John Hancock Strategic Income Opportunities Fund
- 6. John Hancock U.S. Large Cap Equity Fund

## **AUSTRIAN PAYING AND INFORMATION AGENT**

The Company has appointed UniCredit Bank Austria AG Vienna as its domestic paying and information agent (the **Paying and Information Agent**) under section 141 of the InvFG, Official Gazette no 2011/77. The fees payable to the Paying Agent will be paid at normal commercial rates.

The details of the Paying Agent are as follows:

UniCredit Bank Austria AG, P.O. Box 35, A-1011 Vienna, Austria.

Investors may buy, sell and switch shares in accordance with the procedures laid out in the Prospectus or through the Paying and Information Agent in Austria. All payments made to investors (e.g., proceeds, dividend distributions and other payments) can be executed through the Paying and Information Agent in Austria.

#### **DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION**

The following documents are available for inspection free of charge during normal business hours on weekdays (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) at the registered office of the Company and the Paying and Information Agent in Austria:

- the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company and the Constitution of the Company;
- the Prospectus (as amended and supplemented);
- the relevant Key Investor Information Documents;
- the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports relating to the Company when available;
- the Investment Management Agreement
- the Administration Agreement
- the Depositary Agreement
- the Distribution Agreement
- the Legislation; and
- a list of past and current directorships and partnerships held by each Director over the last five years.

## PUBLICATIONS

Pursuant to section 141 and 142 of the InvFG, the Company has to publish the Annual Report for the last financial year, the Semi-Annual Report, the relevant Key Investor Information Documents, the Prospectus, the subscription and redemption prices of the shares as well as all other documents and information, which must be published in Ireland, in Austria in accordance with the provisions provided for under section 136 para 4 of the Austrian Investment Funds Act.

## PROCEDURE IN THE EVENT OF TERMINATION

In the event that the Company or a Sub Fund of the Company ceases to market shares in Austria, the investors will be notified hereof. The investors will be informed that the information and documentation will still be available to the investors in the same way as before. However, it will be stressed that the Key Investor Information Documents will no longer be available in the German language. Furthermore, the procedure for the payment of dividend and redemption or sale proceeds will be unchanged for the Austrian investors, unless the general procedure of the Company or the Austrian legislative environment is subject to change.

## DISTRIBUTION

Shares of the Sub Funds will be distributed through licensed banks and licensed investment firms.

## **TAXATION IN AUSTRIA OF AUSTRIAN INVESTORS**

The following is a summary of taxation in Austria of Austrian investors in the Company.

The description below is based solely upon Austrian tax law in force as of 2017. Austrian tax laws may be subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect.

The summary is for general information only and does not purport to constitute exhaustive tax or legal advice. It is specifically noted it will not be possible to describe all possible tax questions and consequences, which may arise when investing in the Company and therefore, this summary is not exhaustive. Under all circumstances potential investors **are advised to consult their own tax advisor**, e.g. attorney or auditor, on the consequences of investment into the Company.

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Investment funds are transparent according to Austrian tax law. This means that income from a fund is not taxed at fund level but at investor level.

According to Austrian tax law, interest, dividends and other income less expenses received by the fund (**Net Investment Income**) as well as certain portions of the realised capital gains are considered taxable income, regardless if they are distributed to the investor or accumulated (**Deemed Distributed Income** or **DDI**) by the fund.

The Investmentfondsgesetz 2011 generally provides for two tax categories of foreign investment funds:

- Investment funds, which have a tax representative, who reports the relevant tax information to the OeKB (**Reporting Funds**) and
- Investment funds, which do not have a tax representative and which are therefore subject to the lump-sum taxation (Non-Reporting Funds or Black Funds).

#### Private investors

#### Taxation of deemed distributed income

Accumulated income generated within an investment fund is taxable as DDI once a year. The taxable DDI is subject to 27,5% tax. For private investors having the fund units on Austrian deposit the 27,5% tax is

deducted by the Austrian depositary bank. In case the fund units are held on foreign deposit the taxable DDI has to be included in the private investor's personal income tax return. The taxable DDI consists of

- the ordinary income (interest income, dividend income, other ordinary income) minus the fund's expenses and
- 60% of net realised capital gains.

Realised capital losses (after netting with realised capital gains) can be credited against the ordinary income (dividends, interest and other income minus expenses). If capital losses exceed the ordinary income, the exceeding amount can be carried forward at share class level. In the following financial years, these carry forwards have to be offset in a first step against realised capital gains and in a second step against the ordinary income.

## Taxation of distributions

The taxable distributed income is subject to 27,5% tax. If the securities are held on Austrian deposit, the 27,5% tax is withheld by the Austrian depository bank. In case the securities are held on foreign deposit the distribution has to be included into the private investor's personal income tax return.

#### Sale of fund units

In case private investors sell their fund units, the difference between the sales price and the purchase price increased by already taxed DDI is generally subject to 27,5% tax, irrespective of the holding period. Special rules apply for fund units purchased before 1 January 2011. If the fund units are held on Austrian deposit, the 27,5% tax shall be withheld by the Austrian depositary bank. It has to be considered that the sales (preliminary) charge must generally not be considered as incidental acquisition cost. In order to avoid a double taxation of the realised capital gain the fund unit's acquisition costs are increased by the annually taxed DDI.

# Proof of taxable income

The tax on distributions and on the DDI is calculated by Oesterreichische Kontrollbank (OeKB), based on comprehensive tax information filed by an Austrian tax representative. The information regarding the DDI has to be reported to the OeKB within seven months after the fund's financial year-end. The withholding tax on the DDI is deducted by the Austrian depository bank, as soon as it is reported to the OeKB.<sup>1</sup> Investment funds, for which the DDI is not reported to the OeKB on an annual basis by an Austrian tax representative, are subject to a very unfavourable lump-sum taxation.

#### Backup Withholding Tax

The backup withholding tax was abolished on 1 April 2012. As according to the new investment fund taxation regime, the income from fund units is always subject to a withholding tax deduction by the depository bank (as far as the fund units are held on Austrian deposit).

#### Individuals holding the fund units as business property

If fund units are held by individuals as business property (sole proprietors or partnerships), the tax rules as described above for private investors are generally applicable with the following exemptions:

- Individuals holding the fund units as business property have to include the realised capital gains into the income tax return.
- The capital gains are subject to 27,5% tax. Any tax withheld on capital gains by the Austrian depositary bank will be credited on the individual's income tax.
- 100% of the accumulated net realised capital gains are taxable.
- The sales (preliminary) charge can be considered as incidental acquisition cost.

# Corporate Investors

The Net Investment Income as well as all realised capital gains are subject to 25% Corporate Income Tax and must be included in the corporate income tax return of the corporation. To avoid double taxation in

case of redemption, the DDI, which must be taxed on an annual basis, can be capitalised. This procedure ensures that the taxable capital gain in case of redemption is reduced by the DDI which was already taxed in previous years.

Corporate investors can avoid the withholding tax deduction by way of providing the Austrian bank with a certificate of exemption. If no certificate of exemption is provided, the deducted withholding tax can be credited against the Corporate Income Tax.